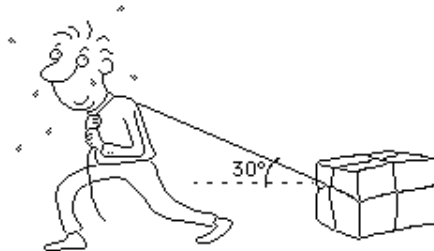
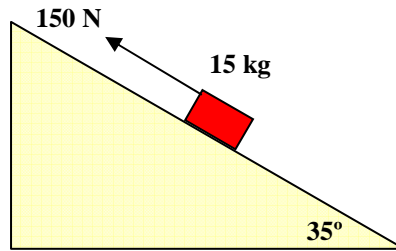


1. A force of 9000 N is used to stop a 1500 kg car traveling at 20 m/s . What *braking distance* is needed to bring the car to a halt? **Resp.: 33.3 m .**
2. A force of 40 N accelerates a 5 kg block at 6 m/s^2 along a horizontal surface.
 - a) How large is the *friction force*? b) What is the *coefficient of friction*? **Resp.: a) 10 N . b) 0.2 .**
3. A horizontal force of 50 N is required to pull an 8.0 kg block of aluminum at a *uniform velocity* across a horizontal wooden desk. What is the *coefficient of kinetic friction*? **Resp.: 0.64**
4. A $2.1 \cdot 10^{-4}\text{ kg}$ spider is suspended from a thin strand of spiderweb. The *greatest tension* the strand can withstand without breaking is $2.2 \cdot 10^{-3}\text{ N}$. What is the *maximum acceleration* with which the spider can climb up the *strand*? **Resp.:**
5. A helicopter is rising with an acceleration of 2 m/s^2 while carrying a person of *mass* 90 kg hanging by a cable. Find the *tension* in the cable. **Resp.: 1062 N .**
6. A 70 kg box is pulled by a 400 N force at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The force of *friction* is 75 N . The *force of gravity* acting on the mass is 700 N . What is the *acceleration* of the box? **Resp.: 3.7 m/s^2 .**



7. Lucy pulls her 18 kg suitcase at a constant speed by pulling on a handle that makes an angle α with the horizontal. The *frictional force* on the suitcase is 27 N and Lucy exerts a 43 N force on the handle.
 - a) What *angle* does the handle make with the horizontal? b) What is the *normal force exerted* on the suitcase? **Resp.: a) 51° . b) 143 N .**
8. A boy on a toboggan is sliding down a snow-covered hillside. The boy and toboggan together have a mass of 50 kg , and the *slope* is at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. Find the boy's *acceleration* if the coefficient of *kinetic friction* is 0.15 . **Resp.: 3.6 m/s^2 .**
9. A box is *sliding down* an incline set at 40° to the *horizontal*. If the *coefficient of friction of the incline* is 0.20 and the incline is 20 meters long, how long will it take the box to reach the bottom? **Resp.:**

10. Assume that the ramp is *frictionless*. The force of gravity acting on the block is 150 N . What is the *acceleration of the block*? **Resp.:**



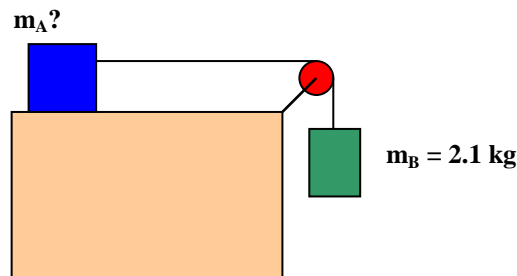
11. Repeat *problem 10*, except now, assume that the *frictional force* acting on the block on the ramp is 25 N . **Resp.:**

12. You slide a 325 N trunk up a 20° inclined plane with a *constant velocity* by exerting a force of 211 N parallel to the inclined plane. a) What is the *component of the trunk's weight parallel to the plane*? b) What is the sum of your *applied force, friction, and the parallel component of the trunk's weight*? Why? c) What is the *size and direction of the friction force*? d) What is the *coefficient of friction*? **Resp.:** a) 111 N . b) c) 100 N . d) 0.33 .

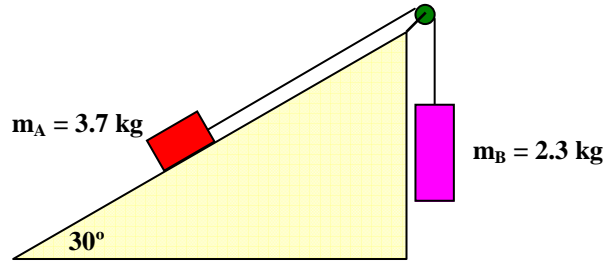
13. What force would you have to exert on the trunk in *Problem 12* so that it would slide down the plane with a *constant velocity*? What would be the *direction* of the force? **Resp.:** 11 N .

14. In an *Atwood's machine*, the larger mass is 1.8 kg and the smaller mass is 1.2 kg . a) Ignoring friction, what is the *acceleration* of the masses? b) What is the *tension* in the string? . **Resp.:** a) 1.96 m/s^2 . b) $T = 14.1\text{ N}$.

16. A box of mass m_A sits on a table. It is connected, by a rope drawn through a pulley, to a box $m_B = 2.1\text{ kg}$ that is hanging off the side of the table. The *coefficient of kinetic friction* is 0.295 . What *value* of m_A will keep the boxes *moving at constant speed*?. **Resp.:** $m_A = 7.1\text{ kg}$

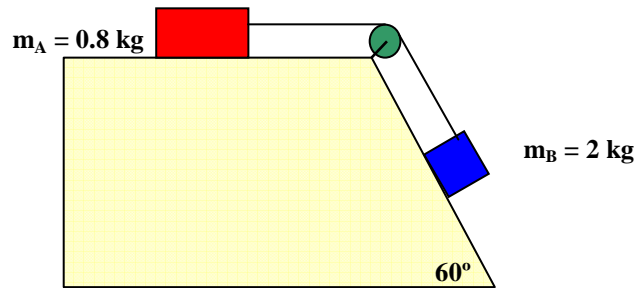


17. A block of mass 3.7 kg on a frictionless inclined plane of angle 30° is connected by a cord over a massless, frictionless physics pulley to a *second block* of mass 2.3 kg hanging vertically as in the diagram. What is the *acceleration* of each block? What is the *tension* in the cord? **Resp.:**



18. Repeat *problem 17*, except now, assume that the *coefficient of kinetic friction* acting on the block on the ramp is *0.2*. **Resp.:**

19. Two blocks, one *0.8 kg* and the other *2 kg* are connected by a massless string over a frictionless pulley. The coefficient of *kinetic friction* is *0.14*, and the downward ramp angle is *60 degrees*. a) Determine the *acceleration* of the blocks. b) Calculate the *tension* of the string. **Resp.:** a) 5.2 m/s^2 . b) 5.2 N .



20. Two *10 kg masses* are conected by a massless string that passes over a frictionless pulley as shown at the figure. The mass at the right is hanging vertically *2 meters* above the ground. The *coefficient of kinetic friction* between the left-hand box and the plare is *0.15*. a) What is the *tension T* in the string? b) *How long* will it take the right mass to *reach the ground*? **Resp.:** a) 95 N . b) 3.7 s .

